Alternate 9-1-1; Field-based Call Taking System

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The Situation

- Wide-area and extended power outage (natural disaster or cyberattack), or massive coordinated cable cut (terrorist) leads to loss of communications and impede our ability to call for help.
- In most cities, ARES/RACES can deploy to (i) keep the EOC informed as to what's happening in the community, and (ii) collect requests for help and passes it to their local Dispatch centers

The Situation

- Cupertino, Saratoga, and Los Altos Hills contract with Santa Clara County for all Sheriff, Fire, EMS, and dispatch services.
- In the event of a total telephone service outage, the public in these cities has no way to request 9-1-1 assistance.
- During the 2009 Morgan Hill cable cut, RACES responders staffed key city locations and the city's Dispatch Center (PSAP) to pass 9-1-1 assistance requests.
- There is no local PSAP in Cupertino, Saratoga, or Los Altos Hills.
- We cannot easily pass 9-1-1 traffic because (i) our PSAP is located 15 miles away in San Jose, and (ii) DSW restrictions do not easily let us operate outside our city.

The Situation

Objective

For a resident looking for help, develop an approach to...

- 1. ask the right questions,
- 2. collect enough information, and
- 3. deliver it to County Comm to ensure a sufficiently dispatchable event.

What is a PSAP?

definition: Public-Safety Answering (or access) Point (PSAP)

- A call center responsible for answering calls made to an emergency telephone number for police, firefighting, and ambulance services.
- Then, responsible for dispatching these emergency services.



Santa Clara County Comm

- 1. Santa Clara County operates our PSAP (County Comm) in San Jose off of Rt 87.
- Receives 9-1-1 calls and manages them with a Computer Aided Dispatch system.
- 3. Dispatches all calls for County Fire, Sheriff, and EMS.
- 4. Requests mutual aid from surrounding jurisdictions as necessary.
- 5. Dispatches County emergency services in support of mutual aid.
- 6. 24/7 Operation.



County Comm Operations

- Divides their operation into 3 "communities"
 - Law Sheriff's Office
 - Fire County Fire
 - EMS County Ambulance
- Each community can receive calls and dispatch any emergency services.
- Each community consists of at least one call-taker and one dispatcher.







Where do 9-1-1 requests come from?

- Landline telephone individuals dial 9-1-1 and, depending on their location, the call is routed to their assigned PSAP.
- Cell phone cell towers are linked to specific PSAPs. However, some cell towers may overlap jurisdictions requiring calls to be transferred to the correct PSAP.
- Other PSAPs different levels of automated information handoff exists between neighboring PSAPs to pass a call that belongs to another jurisdiction.
- **Deployed public safety responders** Fire, Sheriff, and EMS responders can initiate calls from what they observe while deployed.
- Ham Radio responders during catastrophic communications loss,
 CERT and ham radio volunteers will deploy to field locations and the local PSAP to relay calls from residents needing assistance.



County Comm Tools

- 1. Computer Aided Dispatch
- 2. Manual dispatch processes
- 3. Medical Priority Dispatch System

County Comm Tools – CAD

1. Computer Aided Dispatch

- Computer-aided dispatch (CAD), also called computerassisted dispatch, is a method of dispatching taxicabs, couriers, field service technicians, mass transit vehicles or emergency services assisted by computer.
- System services are typically:
 - Call taking
 - Call dispatching
 - Call status and updating
 - Event notes
 - Field unit status and tracking, and
 - Call resolution and disposition



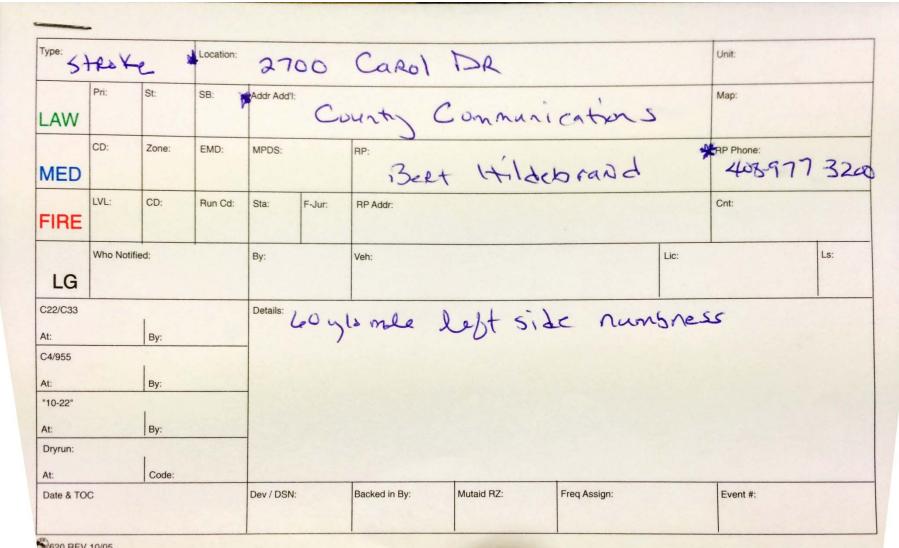
County Comm Tools – Manual

2. Manual Dispatch Process

- County Comm has a backup paper-based process for recording and dispatching calls in the event of a system failure (loss of power or computer problem).
- Although done on paper, the process is essentially the same:
 - Call taking
 - Call dispatching
 - Call status and updating
 - Event notes
 - Field unit status and tracking, and
 - Call resolution and disposition

County Comm Tools

2. Manual Dispatch Process





\$620 REV 10/05

County Comm Tools – MPDS

3. Medical Priority Dispatch System

- An system used to dispatch the appropriate aid to medical emergencies including systematic caller interrogation and prearrival instructions.
- MPDS starts with the dispatcher asking the caller some key questions that allow the dispatchers to categorize the call by chief complaint and defines a call identifier that includes:
 - complaint
 - (ii) response type, and
 - (iii) urgency
- Software and manual modes of operation.

MPDS – What's the Complaint?

- 1. Abdominal Pain/Problems
- 2. Allergies (Reactions) / Envenomations (Stings, Bites)
- 3. Animal Bites / Attacks
- 4. Assault / Sexual Assault / Stun Gun
- 5. Back Pain (Non-Traumatic / Non-Recent)
- 6. Breathing Problems
- 7. Burns (Scalds) / Explosions
- 8. Carbon Monoxide / Inhalation / HAZMAT / CBRN
- 9. Cardiac or Respiratory Arrest / Death
- 10. Chest Pain
- 11. Choking
- 12. Convulsions / Seizures
- 13. Diabetic Problems
- 14. Drowning / Diving / SCUBA Accident
- 15. Electrocution / Lightning
- 16. Eye Problems / Injuries
- 17 Falls
- 18. Headache
- 19. Heart Problems / A.I.C.D.

- 20. Heat / Cold Exposure
- 21. Hemorrhage / Lacerations
- 22. Inaccessible Incident / Entrapments
- 23. Overdose / Poisoning (Ingestion)
- 24. Pregnancy / Childbirth / Miscarriage
- 25. Psychiatric / Suicide Attempt
- 26. Sick Person
- 27. Stab / Gunshot / Penetrating Trauma
- 28. Stroke (CVA) / Transient Ischemic Attack (TIA)
- 29. Traffic / Transportation Incidents
- 30. Traumatic Injuries
- 31. Unconscious / Fainting (Near)
- 32. Unknown Problem (Collapse 3rd Party)
- 33. Inter-Facility Transfer / Palliative Care
- 34. Automatic Crash Notification (A.C.N.)
- 35. HCP (Health-Care Practitioner) Referral (UK only)
- 36. Flu-Like Symptoms (Possible H1N1)
- 37. Inter-Facility Transfer specific to medically trained callers



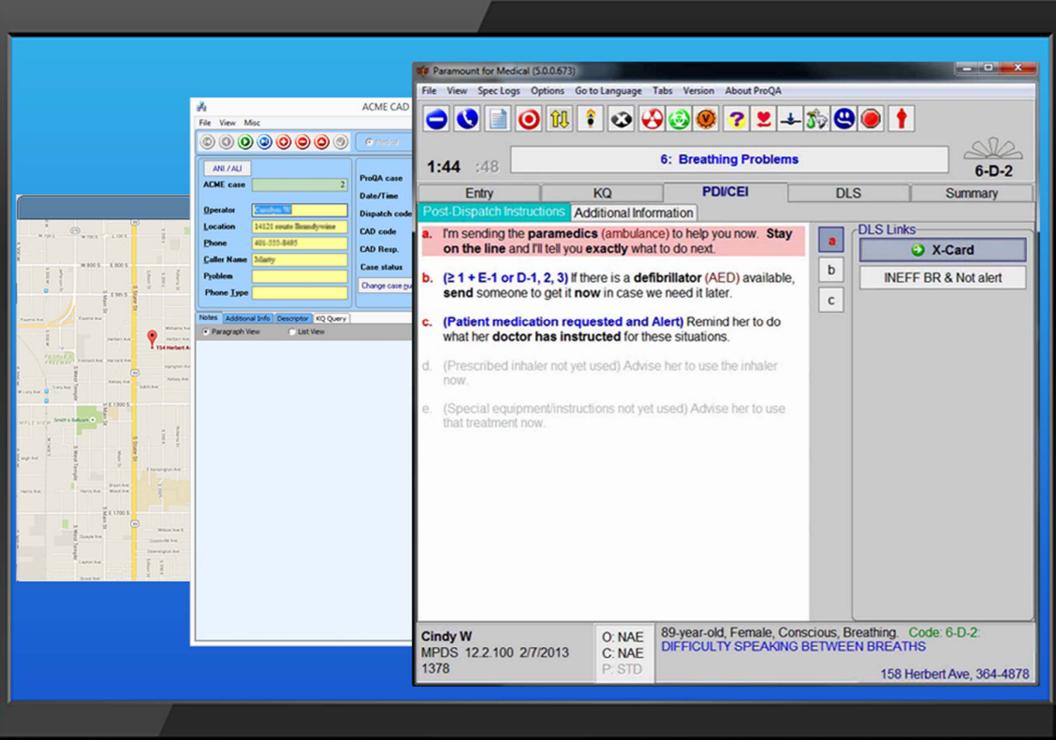
MPDS – Recommended Response

 Helps identify the potential severity of injury or illness based on information provided by the caller and the recommended type of response.

Type	Capability	Response Time
Alpha	Basic Life Support	Cold (single unit)
Bravo	Basic Life Support	Hot (multiple units)
Charlie	Advanced Life Support	Cold (single unit)
Delta	Advanced Life Support	Hot (multiple units)
Echo	Advanced Life Support and special units	Hot (Multiple units) plus other first responders, e.g. FIRE, HAZMAT

MPDS – Instructions to the caller

- Provides instructions for the dispatcher to give to the caller while assistance is enroute...
- cardiopulmonary resuscitation for adults, children, babies, and newborns
- the use of a defibrillator
- the use of the Heimlich maneuver to clear the airway of a choking patient
- delivering a baby
- 5. extinguishing the flames for a person on fire
- escaping from a sinking vehicle 6.
- bleeding control
- flushing of chemical contamination
- cooling of burns
- 10. Administering epinephrine/adrenaline autoinjectors
- 11. administering Narcan/naloxone



What County Comm needs to know

WHERE? Where are you? Where is the scene?

WHAT? What happened?

WHO? Who's involved? Is anyone hurt?

WHEN? When did it happen?

Is it going on right now?

WHY? Follow-up questions...

Ref: https://www.sccgov.org/sites/911/Pages/The-Five-Ws.aspx

What County Comm needs to know

PEOPLE

- How many people involved?
- Who is involved?
- What do they look like?
- What are they wearing?
- What are they carrying?

WEAPON

Any object can be a weapon if it is used in a threatening manner, or causes death or serious bodily injury.

- Name the specific weapon?
- Who has the weapon?
- Where is the weapon?

WHERE DID THEY GO?

- Point of reference.
- Directional guide.



What are we specifically going to do?

Our focus

- Call taking
- Call dispatching
- Call status and updating
- Event notes
- Field unit status and tracking, and
- Call resolution and disposition

** We will essentially be relaying the call **

Background

The Approach

- 1. Define the minimum information needed by County Comm for dispatch.
- 2. Automate the data collection process to speed the call taking process, reduce transcription errors, leverage the existing (packet) infrastructure, and deliver a 9-1-1 request to County Comm in a local format.

We recognize...

- The County Comm 9-1-1 training program is a 2 year training program before an operator can function independently.
- 2. We are not formally trained as 9-1-1 call takers.
- 3. We will not have the luxury of any interactive follow-up with dispatch once we transmit a request.
- We do have a tool that can deliver what County Comm needs to dispatch a call.



Our call taking process

Process Steps	Who	Where	How
1. A resident arrives with a problem	Resident	Field	
2. Ask the right questions	CERT/RACES	Field	Alt911cts
3. Create the message	CERT/RACES	Field	Alt911cts
4. Hand it off to the packet station	CERT/RACES	Field	Aoclient, Opdirect
5. Finish addressing the message	RACES	Field	Outpost
6. Transmit the message	RACES	Field	Outpost
7. Receive the message	RACES	PSAP	Outpost
8. Print it in the local format	RACES	PSAP	Alt911rpt
9. Deliver the message	RACES	PSAP	Sneaker-net



What's new



Alt911 – an Outpost add-on program. Computer Aided Call Taking System; manages the field-based message collection, hand-off, and printing of an Alternate 9-1-1 message. Consists of two programs:

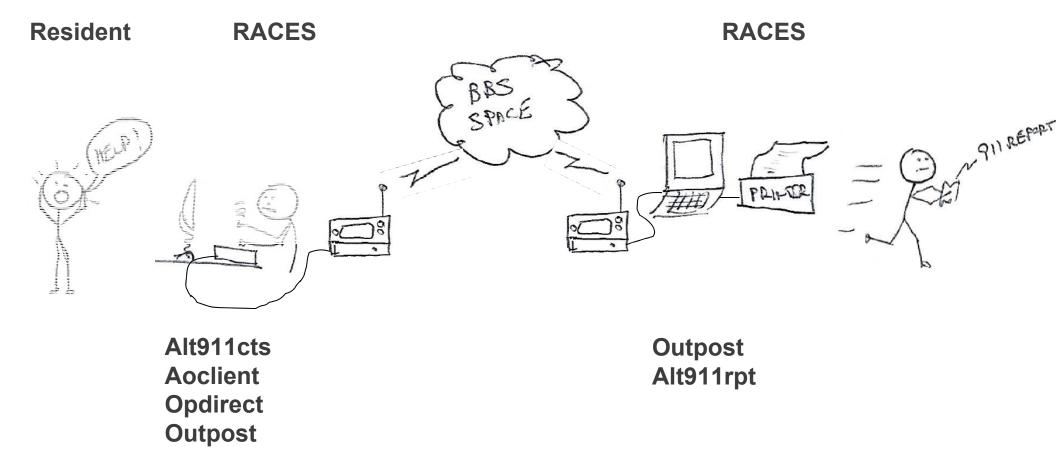
Alt911cts.exe – interactive program that guides the call taking process.

Alt911rpt.exe - program that prints the message in the local format.

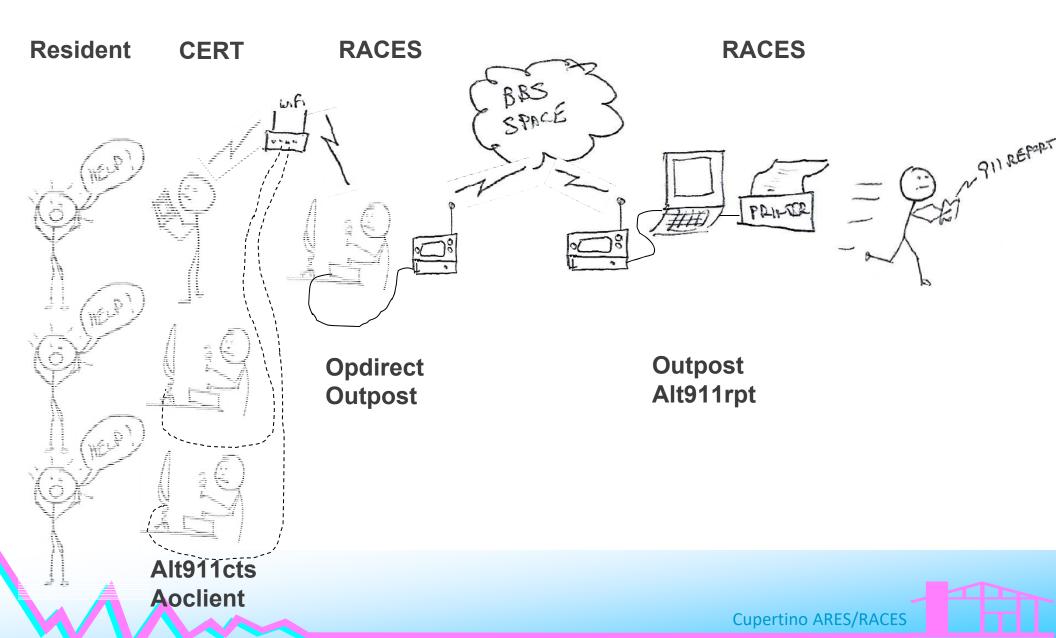
Acclient.exe – An Outpost Add-on component; interfaces the Alt911cts to the rest of Outpost.



The end to end message flow



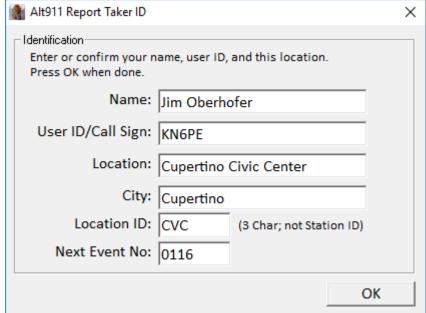
The end to end message flow



1. Run Alt911cts

- 1. Find and run the program
- 2. The program opens, and the Identification screen opens
- 3. This describes who you are and where you are.
- 4. Press OK. A check will occur to make sure Alt911 can talk to the local Outpost instance.

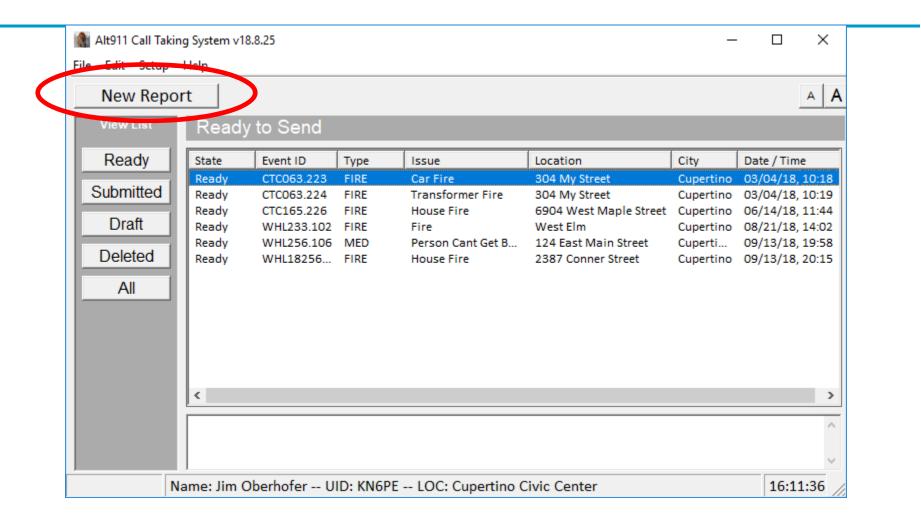


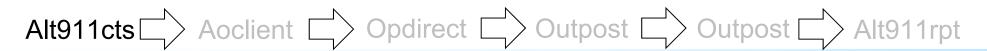


Alt911cts Aoclient Dopdirect Doutpost Doutpost Alt911rpt



2. Alt911 main form

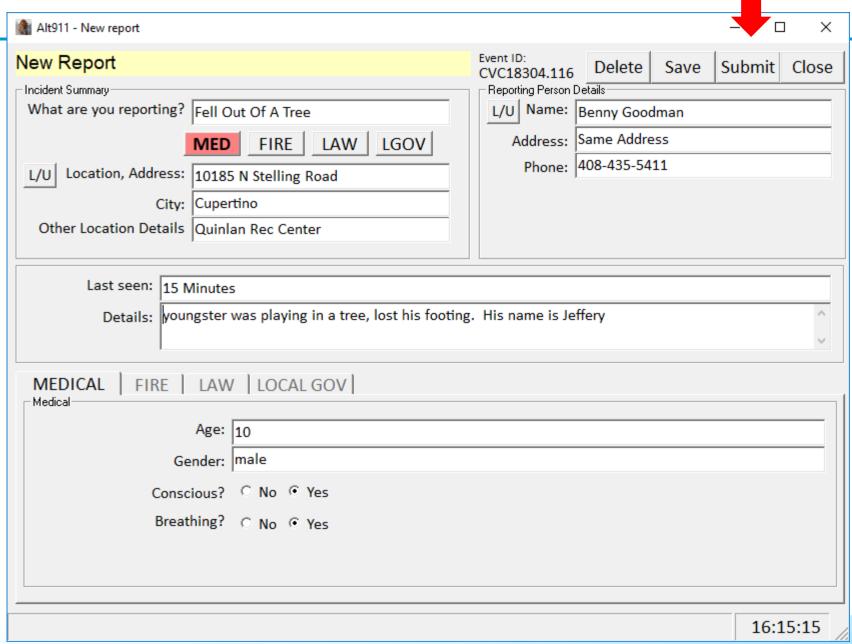




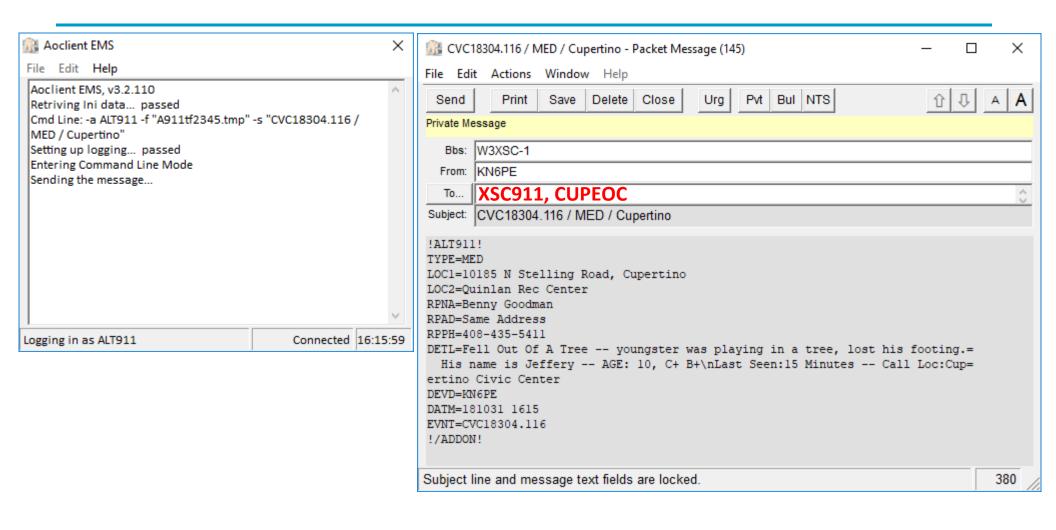
3. Taking a MED report (dispatches EMS)

Mail Alt911 - New report	– 🗆 X
New Report Incident Summary What are you reporting? Fell Out Of A Tree MED FIRE LAW LGOV L/U Location, Address: City: Other Location Details	Event ID: CVC18304.116 Delete Save Submit Close Reporting Person Details L/U Name: Address: Phone:
Last seen: Details: MEDICAL FIRE LAW LOCAL GOV	^
Age: Gender: Conscious? © No © Yes Breathing? © No © Yes	
	16:12:47

3. Taking a MED report (dispatches EMS)

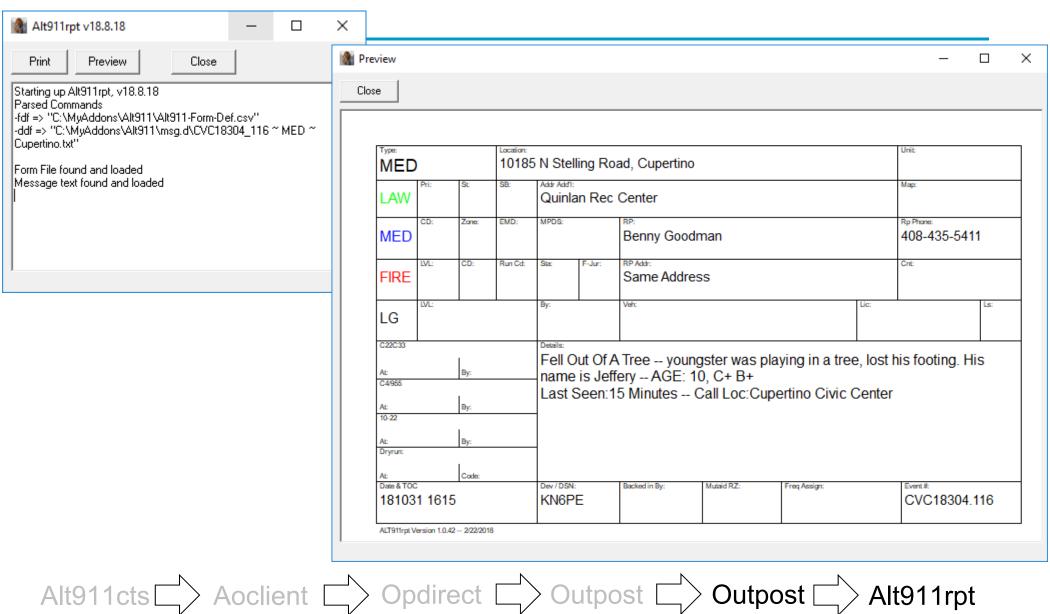


4. Sending it to the Packet station

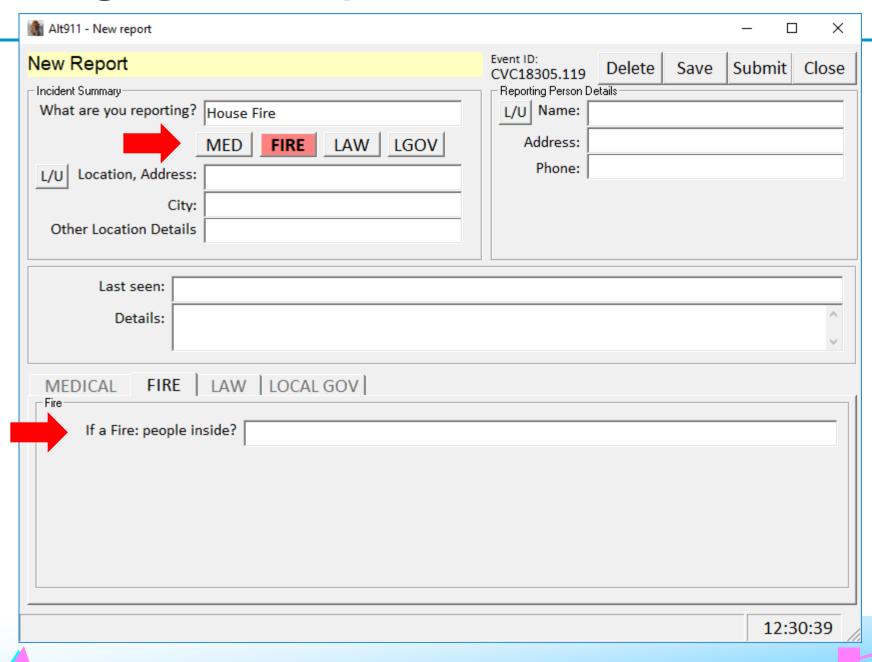


Alt911cts Aoclient Opdirect Outpost Outpost Alt911rpt

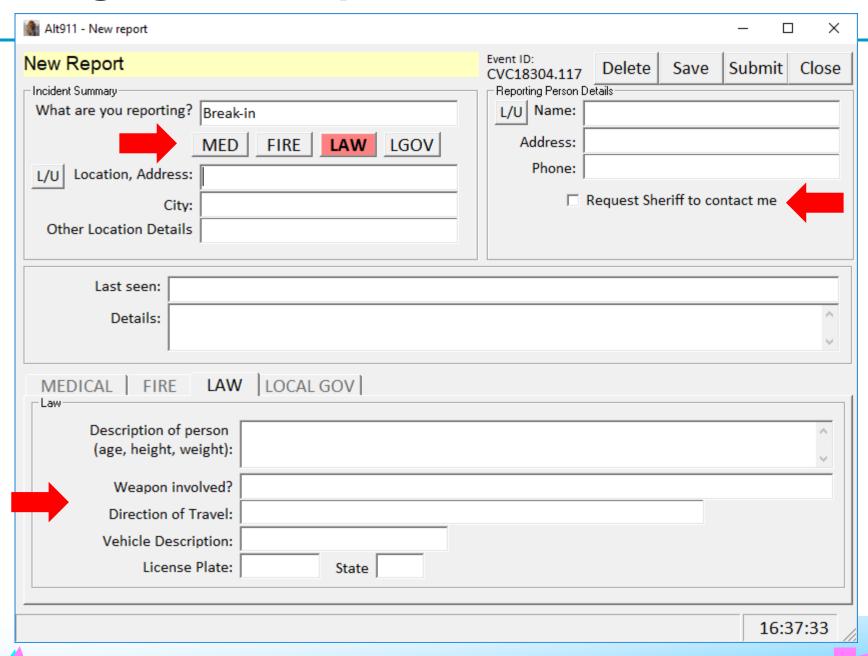
5. Receiving & printing



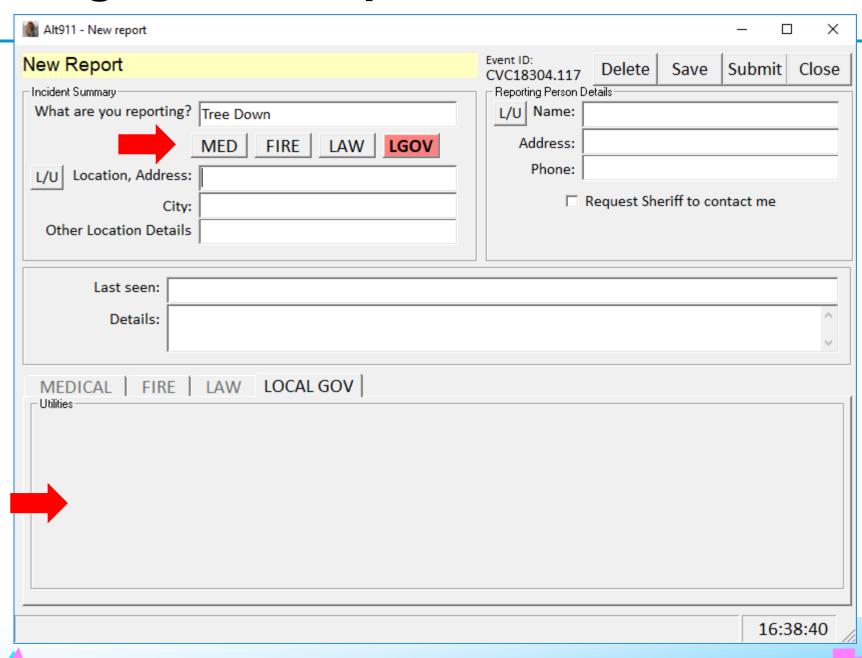
Taking a FIRE report (dispatches County Fire)



Taking a LAW report (dispatches the Sheriff)

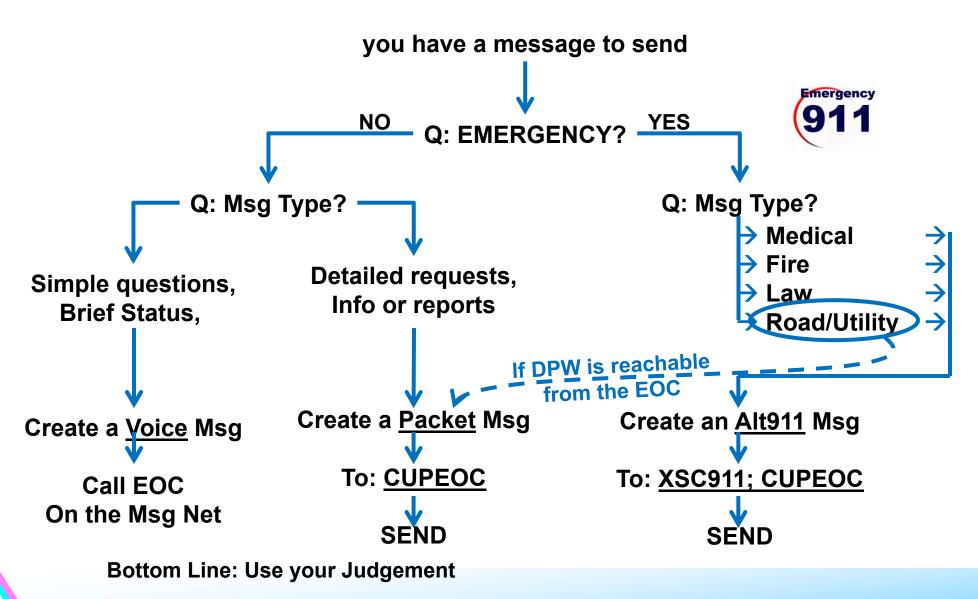


Taking a LGOV report (send to the City for DPW)



ALT911 packet message passing

December 2018 Exercise



9-1-1 Field data collection form

Instructions

- 1. Fill in the common area
- Circle MED, FIRE, LAW, or LGOV (local gov't)
- 3. Fill in the respective fields depending on the type of incident
- 4. For a LAW incident, if the Reporting Person wants a call back, make sure to get a phone number.

9-1-1 Field Data Collection Form

	What are you reporting?		RP Name:		
	Location, Address		RP Address:		
S	City:		RP Phone:		
соммои	Other Location Details:				
٥	Time last seen? (HH:MM)				
	Event / Incident Details				
MED	Age:	Gender:	Conscious? (Yes/No)	Breathing? (Yes/No)	
FIRE	If a FIRE, people inside?				
LAW	Person Description:				
	Direction of Travel: Weapon Involved?			Weapon Involved?	
	Vehicle Description:		Lic:	State:	
	RP Requests Contac	t? (Yes/No)			
LGOV	<no details="" required="" specific=""></no>				
Operator Use Only (do not transmit this section with the message):					

Operator Use Only (do not transmit this section with the message):				
Action:	Sent / Received (circle one)	Operator Call Sign:		
Method:	Telephone / EOC Radio / Courier /	Operator Name:		
	Amateur Radio / Packet / Other	Date/Time:		
CUP ICS 213-911 Field Data Collection Form			v181115	

Quick Start Doc

Alt911

Alternate 9-1-1 Call Taking System
An Outpost PMM Add-on

Quick Start

Plan for 15-Dec-18 Exercise

- Get and install Alt911 (http://www.outpostpm.org/sccbeta.html)
- 2. Review the Alt911 Quick Start guide (same link as above)
- 3. Practice Sessions... Saturday, 17-Nov, 9:00am to 12:00pm, EOC
- 4. Join us for the 15-December Earthquake exercise Details at the 6-Dec-18 General Meeting

Intro to ALT911 -- Field 9-1-1 Call Taking Process

Thank you Any Questions?

